1. Identify 5 motivators for independence movements in Latin America. *Be specific in your answers.*
   a. 
   b. 
   c. 
   d. 
   e. 

2. Compare and contrast the Brazilian move to independence with other Latin American independence movements.

3. After independence, most Latin American nations adopted a republic form of government. However, there were many disagreements as to which form of republic should exist. What is meant by each of the following opinions of what path Latin American government should take?
   - Conservative? VS. Liberal?
   - Centralist? VS. Federalist?

4. What issues caused long-term political instability to exist in most Latin American nations after independence? Use specific historical examples to support your claims.
5. What was the nature of Latin American economies after independence? Be sure to identify key export goods from major Latin American nations.

6. Describe the relationship that existed between independent Latin American nations and Western Europe during the 1800s.

7. In what ways did the United States enter the economic and political affairs of Latin America beginning in the 1800s? Also, identify at least 3 examples of US involvement in the affairs of Latin America during this era.

8. How did the institution of slavery change over time in Latin America during the 1800s? What motivated these changes?